

# Ombujokanguindi Natural Resource Report



### maximising wildlife returns by minimising threats...

#### **Human wildlife conflict Poaching** Performance Indicators Management performance in 2022 Human wildlife conflict trend Number of incidents per year the chart shows the total number of incidents each year, Commercial poaching is a serious threat to subdivided by species, grouped as herbivores and predators conservancy benefits. The chart shows the Category **Performance** number of incidents per category 1 Adequate staffing Subsistence Leopard Other Predators □ Commercial 2 Adequate expenditure Elephant High Value 3 Audit attendance 200 4 NR management plan 5 Zonation 150 6 Leadership 100 7 Display of material 50 8 Event Book modules 9 Event Book quality 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2020 201 201 201 201 202 202 202 202 10 Compliance 11 Game census Traps and firearms recovered Most troublesome problem animals 2020-2022 number of incidents per category the chart shows the number of incidents per species for the last 3 years; 12 Reporting & adaptive management the darkest bar (on the right) indicates the current year for each species 13 Law enforcement ☐ Firearms recovered The most troublesome species ■Traps/snares recovered 14 Human Wildlife Conflict in 2022 are on the left 2.5 120 15 Harvesting management 100 2 The least troublesome species in 2022 are on the right 80 16 Sources of NR income 1.5 60 17 Benefits produced 1 0.5 18 Resource trends 19 Resource targets 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2018 2010 2010 2010 Calacal Flebhaur Feobard Packal Haseus Mithou **Key to performance indicators** Type of damage by problem animals 2020-2022 Arrests and convictions weak/bad the chart shows the number of incidents per category for the last 3 years; reasonable good number of incidents per category the darkest bar (on the right) indicates the current year for each type Performance is assessed on a scoring system from zero (none) to a 350 maximum of between 3 and 6 (strong/excellent) depending on the 300 250 200 Indicators 1-17 reflect the performance of the management team in place in the conservancy and an efficient team can achieve a good 150 rating in all 17 indicators. 100 Indicators 18 & 19 are influenced by external factors and are not 50 considered a reflection of conservancy management. They indicate the current status of wildlife in the conservancy in relation to a Other damage Livestock theoretical optimal situation. 201 201 201 201 201 201 200 201 201

#### Wildlife removals – quota use and value

Potential value estimates (N\$) for a single animal:			Quota 2022		Animals actually used in 2022				Potential			
	Species	Total	Trophy	Other	Trophy	Own Use &	Shoot &		Problem	Total Use	Trophy	Other use
Potential trophy value - the average trophy value for that species in the conservancy landscape  trophy values vary depending on trophy quality, international recognition of the hunting operator and the hunting area				Use		Premium	Sell & Sale	& Sale	Animal	Animal	Value N\$	Value N\$
	Baboon	5	5									
	Kudu	1	1					. +2			44,000	
	Leopard	1	1				ation	dara			133,500	
	Springbok	10	4	6		vo utili	sac.				8,300	702
Potential other use value - the average					1	40						
meat value for common species												
or												
the average live sale value of each high												
value species (indicated with an *). High value species are never used for meat												
Fractions of animals indicate that a quota of 1												
animal was awarded with conditions i.e. a) over a period of several years												
and/or b) is shared with other conservancies												



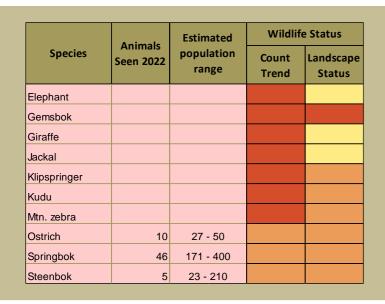
#### Ombujokangui...

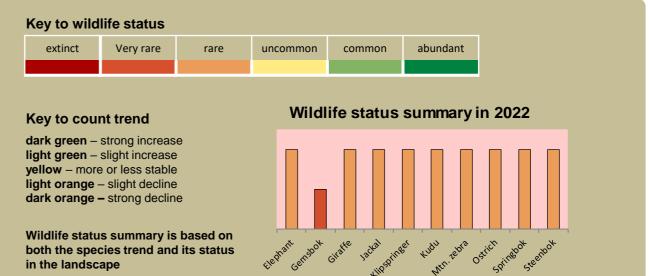
Not all data or species are shown on this report; use your **Event Book** for more information

# Natural Resource Report continued...

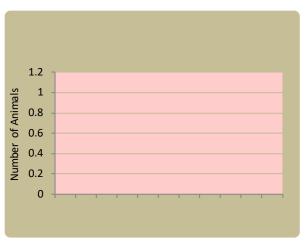
# monitoring numbers and trends for a healthy conservancy...

#### **Current wildlife numbers and status**

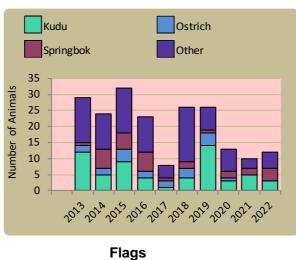




#### Wildlife introductions



#### Wildlife mortalities



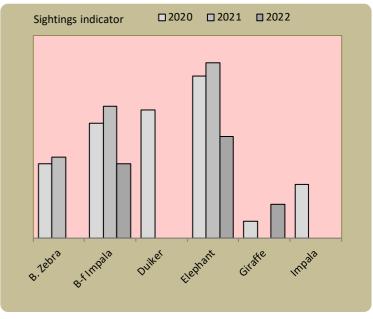
No change

No change,

rarely recorded

Increasing

# Locally rare species

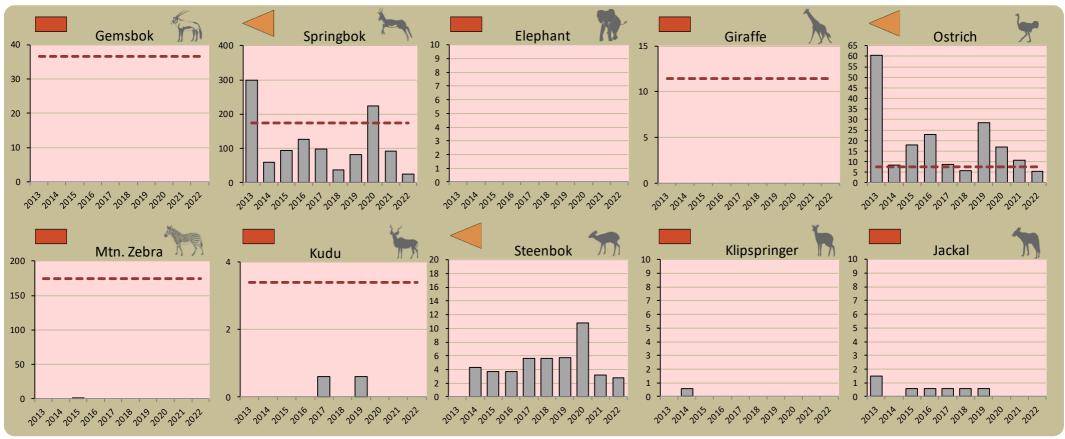


### **Annual game count**

Charts show the number of animals seen each year per 100 km driven during the game count. As a point of reference the dashed horizontal line represents the combined 10 year average in Palmwag and Etendeka concessions. Status flags reflect the general count trend over the last 5 years.

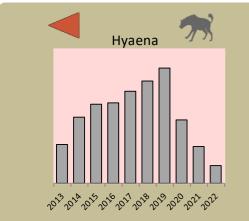
decreasing

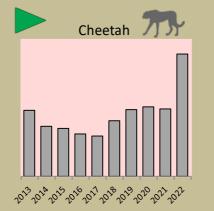
**Locally rare species** are not found very often in the conservancy and need special conservation attention.

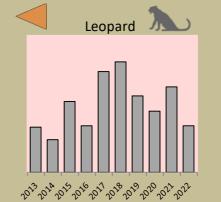


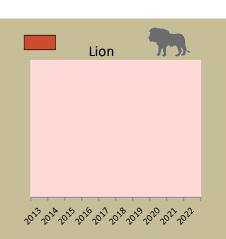
#### **Predator monitoring**

charts show the average number of animals seen per Event Book each year status barometers reflect the general sightings trend over the last 5 years











# Ombujokanguindi Institutional Report

Beneficiary

**Number** 

# С

### Enabling wise conservancy governance...

#### **Conservancy Statistics**

**Date Registered:** February 2012

Population (2011 census): 850

Size (square kilometres): 1160

Registered members: 448

#### **Benefit Distribution**

Was an AGM held?

**Key Compliance Requirements** 

Were benefits distributed according to the BDP?	✓
s game managed according to the GMUP?	<b>√</b>
as the financial report presented and approved?	<b>V</b>

#### **Conservancy Governance**

Male	Female	Total
12	3	15
100	37	137
01/11/2022		
Aug-23		
✓		
✓		
<		
	01/11/2022	12 3 100 37 01/11/2022 Aug-23

### Type Description

Other Benefits	Hwc Offset	Members	195	

#### **Employment**

	Male	Female	Total
Conservancy staff (Incl. CGG & CRM)	9	1	10
Number of Community Game Guards	8	0	8
Number of Community Resource Monitors			

#### Governance Performance Rating How well did the conservancy perform in the past year?

Performance Category			This Year	Prev. Year	Explanation of performance category				
Member engagement					The conservancy is adequately engaging its members				
Benefit planning					The conservancy developed its BDP in a transparent and participatory manner				
Benefit distrib	efit distribution  The conservancy distributes benefits to its members in a fair, transparent and					ransparent and equi	table manner		
Accountability					Conservancy members are holding the management committee accountable				
Stakeholder engagement					The conservancy maintains relationships with key external stakeholders				
Financial management					The conservancy is effectively managing its finances				
Colour codes:	none	weak	modera	ite	strong	exceptional		N/A	