

Okondjombo Natural Resource Report



maximising wildlife returns by minimising threats...

Human wildlife conflict Poaching Performance Indicators Management performance in 2022 Human wildlife conflict trend Number of incidents per year the chart shows the total number of incidents each year, Commercial poaching is a serious threat to subdivided by species, grouped as herbivores and predators conservancy benefits. The chart shows the **Performance** number of incidents per category 1 Adequate staffing Subsistence Leopard Other Predators □Commercial 2 Adequate expenditure Elephant Other Herbivores High Value 3 Audit attendance 2.5 80 4 NR management plan 70 60 5 Zonation 50 1.5 6 Leadership 40 30 7 Display of material 20 0.5 8 Event Book modules 10 9 Event Book quality 2013 2014 2015 2016 2011 2018 2019 2020 2021 2020 10 Compliance 11 Game census Traps and firearms recovered Most troublesome problem animals 2020-2022 number of incidents per category 12 Reporting & adaptive management the chart shows the number of incidents per species for the last 3 years; the darkest bar (on the right) indicates the current year for each species 13 Law enforcement ☐ Firearms recovered The most troublesome species ■Traps/snares recovered 14 Human Wildlife Conflict 40 in 2022 are on the left 1.2 35 15 Harvesting management 1 The least troublesome species 30 in 2022 are on the right 0.8 25 16 Sources of NR income 0.6 20 17 Benefits produced 15 0.4 10 18 Resource trends 0.2 19 Resource targets 201 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2010 2017 2017 Jackal Caracal Cheetah Leopard Key to performance indicators Type of damage by problem animals 2020-2022 Arrests and convictions weak/bad the chart shows the number of incidents per category for the last 3 years; reasonable good number of incidents per category the darkest bar (on the right) indicates the current year for each type Performance is assessed on a scoring system from zero (none) to a 160 maximum of between 3 and 6 (strong/excellent) depending on the **■** Convictions 140 3 120 100 Indicators 1-17 reflect the performance of the management team in 80 place in the conservancy and an efficient team can achieve a good 60 rating in all 17 indicators. 40 Indicators 18 & 19 are influenced by external factors and are not 20 considered a reflection of conservancy management. They indicate the current status of wildlife in the conservancy in relation to a Crop damage Human attack Other damage Livestock theoretical optimal situation. 2014 2015 2016 2011 2018 2019 2020 2020

Wildlife removals – quota use and value

Potential value estimates (N\$) for a			Quota 2022 Animals actually used in 2022				Potential				
single animal: • Potential trophy value - the average	Species	Total	Trophy	Other Use	Trophy	Own Use & Premium	Shoot & Sell	Problem Animal	Total Use	Trophy Value N\$	Other use Value N\$
trophy value for that species in the conservancy landscape	Baboon	5	5								
trophy values vary depending on trophy	Leopard	0.33	0.33							133,500	
quality, international recognition of the	Springbok	28	8	20						8,300	702
hunting operator and the hunting area	Mtn Zebra	2	2							20,100	
 Potential other use value - the average meat value for common species 											
or											
the average live sale value of each high value species (indicated with an *). High value species are never used for meat											
Fractions of animals indicate that a quota of 1 animal was awarded with conditions i.e. a) over a period of several years and/or b) is shared with other conservancies											



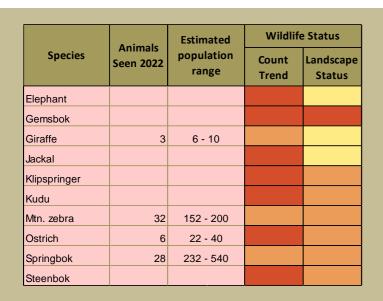
Okondjombo

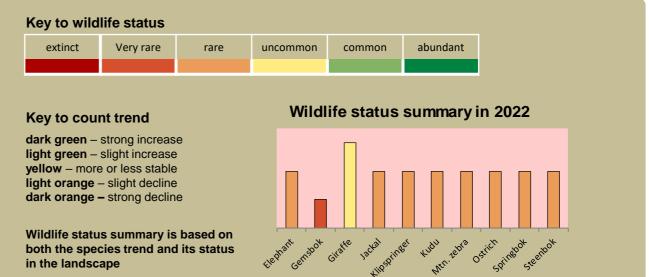
Not all data or species are shown on this report; use your Event Book for more information

Natural Resource Report continued...

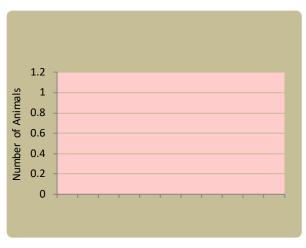
monitoring numbers and trends for a healthy conservancy...

Current wildlife numbers and status

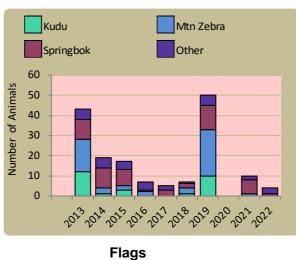




Wildlife introductions



Wildlife mortalities



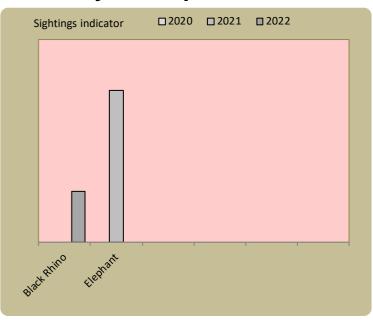
No change

No change,

rarely recorded

Increasing

Locally rare species Sightings indicator

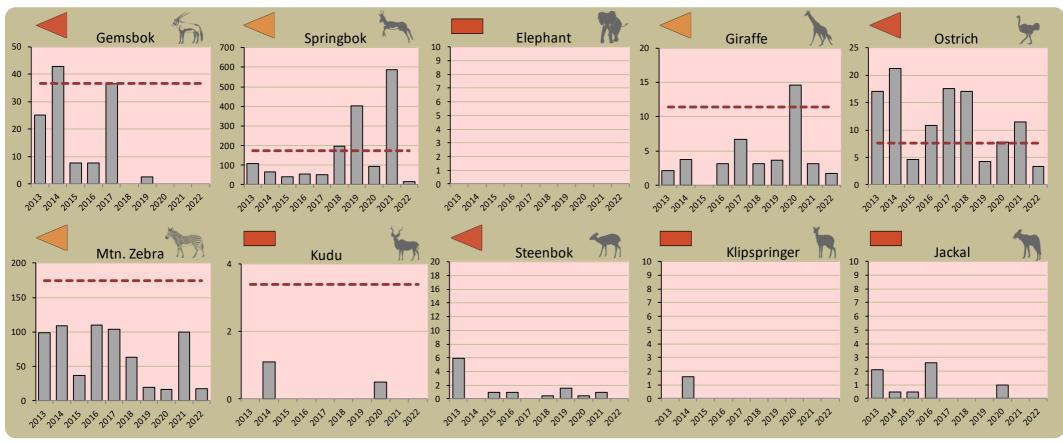


Annual game count

Charts show the number of animals seen each year per 100 km driven during the game count. As a point of reference the dashed horizontal line represents the combined 10 year average in Palmwag and Etendeka concessions. Status flags reflect the general count trend over the last 5 years.

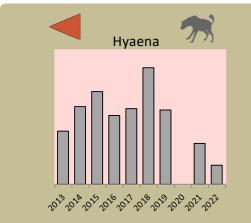
decreasing

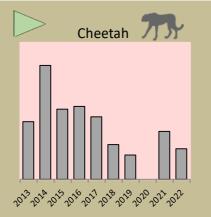
Locally rare species are not found very often in the conservancy and need special conservation attention.

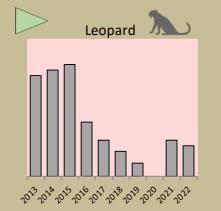


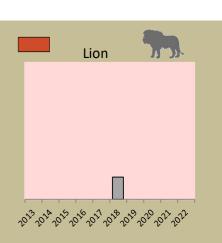
Predator monitoring

charts show the average number of animals seen per Event Book each year status barometers reflect the general sightings trend over the last 5 years











OkondjomboInstitutional Report

Not all institutional data are shown on this report: use your **Governance** institution audit for more information

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Enabling wise conservancy governance...

Conservancy Statistics

Date Registered:August 2008Population (2011 census):100Size (square kilometres):1644Registered members:240

Key Compliance Requirements

Was an AGM held?

Were elections held?

N/A

Were benefits distributed according to the BDP?

Is game managed according to the GMUP?

Was the financial report presented and approved?

✓

Conservancy Governance

N	Male	Female	Total
Number of management committee members	9	0	9
Attendance at AGM	135	45	180
Date of the last AGM:	14/09/2022		
Date of the next AGM:	Jul-23		
Other important issues			
Budget approved?	✓		
Work plan approved?	<		
Annual conservancy report approved?	✓		

Benefit Distribution

Туре	Description	Beneficiary	Number
Community Devp.	Borehole Donated By Eif		
Meat Distribution	One Springbok For The Soccer Team	Youth	
Other Benefits	Hwc Offset	Households	44

Employment

	Male	Female	Total
Conservancy staff (Incl. CGG & CRM)	10	0	10
Number of Community Game Guards	8	0	8
Number of Community Resource Monitors			

Governance Performance Rating How well did the conservancy perform in the past year?

Performance Category				Prev. Year	Explanation of performance category					
Member engagement					The conservancy is adequately engaging its members					
Benefit planning					The conservancy developed its BDP in a transparent and participatory manner					
Benefit distribution					The conservancy distributes benefits to its members in a fair, transparent and equitable manner					
Accountability					Conservancy members are holding the management committee accountable					
Stakeholder engagement					The conservancy maintains relationships with key external stakeholders					
Financial management					The conservancy is effectively managing its finances					
Colour codes:	none	weak	modera	ite	strong	exceptional		N/A		