

# Okangundumba Natural Resource Report



### maximising wildlife returns by minimising threats...

#### **Human wildlife conflict Poaching** Performance Indicators Management performance in 2021 Human wildlife conflict trend Number of incidents per year the chart shows the total number of incidents each year, Commercial poaching is a serious threat to subdivided by species, grouped as herbivores and predators conservancy benefits. The chart shows the **Performance** number of incidents per category 1 Adequate staffing Subsistence Leopard Other Predators Commercial 2 Adequate expenditure Other Herbivores Elephant High Value 300 3 Audit attendance 3.5 250 4 NR management plan 3 200 2.5 5 Zonation 150 6 Leadership 1.5 100 7 Display of material 50 0.5 8 Event Book modules 9 Event Book quality 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2020 2013 2014 2015 2016 2011 2018 2019 2010 2015 10 Compliance 11 Game census Traps and firearms recovered Most troublesome problem animals 2019-2021 number of incidents per category 12 Reporting & adaptive management the chart shows the number of incidents per species for the last 3 years; the darkest bar (on the right) indicates the current year for each species 13 Law enforcement ☐ Firearms recovered The most troublesome species ■Traps/snares recovered 14 Human Wildlife Conflict in 2021 are on the left 1.2 120 15 Harvesting management 1 100 The least troublesome species in 2021 are on the right 0.8 80 16 Sources of NR income 0.6 60 17 Benefits produced 0.4 18 Resource trends 0.2 19 Resource targets 2023 2024 2025 2026 2021 2024 2020 2020 Jackal Leobard Hyaena Caracal Python Antelope Key to performance indicators Type of damage by problem animals 2019-2021 Arrests and convictions weak/bad the chart shows the number of incidents per category for the last 3 years; reasonable good number of incidents per category the darkest bar (on the right) indicates the current year for each type Performance is assessed on a scoring system from zero (none) to a 450 maximum of between 3 and 6 (strong/excellent) depending on the 400 **■** Convictions 350 300 250 Indicators 1-17 reflect the performance of the management team in 200 place in the conservancy and an efficient team can achieve a good 150 rating in all 17 indicators. 100 Indicators 18 & 19 are influenced by external factors and are not 50 considered a reflection of conservancy management. They indicate the current status of wildlife in the conservancy in relation to a Other damage Livestock theoretical optimal situation. 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2020

#### Wildlife removals – quota use and value

Potential value estimates (N\$) for a		Quota 2021			Animals actually used in 2021				Potential			
single animal: • Potential trophy value - the average	Species	Total	Trophy	Other Use	Trophy	Own Use & Premium	Shoot & Sell		Problem Animal	Total Use	Trophy Value N\$	Other use Value N\$
trophy value for that species in the conservancy landscape	Baboon	5	5			Premium					600	
trophy values vary depending on trophy	Leopard	1	1		1					1	38,900	
quality, international recognition of the	Springbok	5	2	3		3				3	2,700	702
hunting operator and the hunting area												
Potential other use value - the average meat value for common species												
meat value for common species												
or												
the average live sale value of each high												
value species (indicated with an *). High value species are never used for meat												
Fractions of animals indicate that a quota of 1 animal was awarded with conditions i.e.												
a) over a period of several years												
and/or b) is shared with other conservancies												
-,												



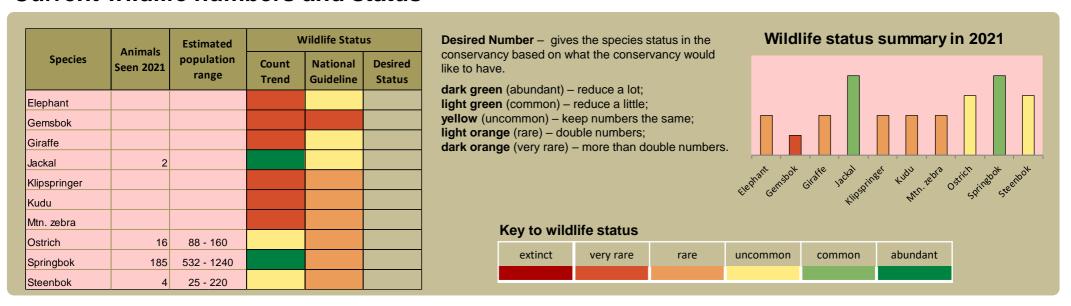
### Okangundumba

Not all data or species are shown on this report; use your **Event Book** for more information

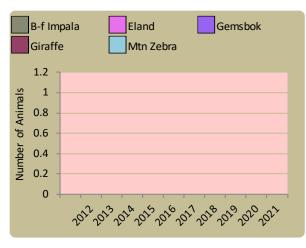
## Natural Resource Report continued...

# monitoring numbers and trends for a healthy conservancy...

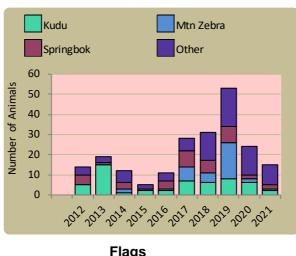
#### **Current wildlife numbers and status**



#### Wildlife introductions

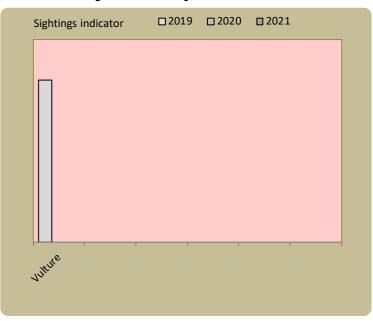


#### Wildlife mortalities





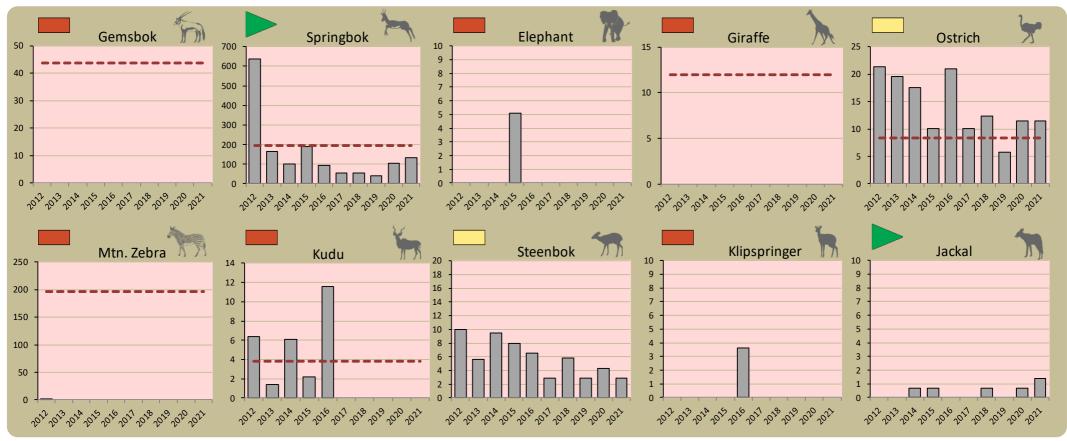
#### Locally rare species



### Annual game count

Charts show the number of animals seen each year per 100 km driven during the game count. As a point of reference the dashed horizontal line represents the combined 10 year average in Palmwag and Etendeka concessions. Status flags reflect the general count trend over the last 5 years.

**Locally rare species** are not found very often in the conservancy and need special conservation attention.



#### **Predator monitoring**

charts show the average number of animals seen per Event Book each year status barometers reflect the general sightings trend over the last 5 years





# Okangundumba Institutional Report

Not all institutional data are shown on this report: use your **Governance** institution audit for more information

# С

# Enabling wise conservancy governance...

#### **Conservancy Statistics**

Date Registered:July 2003Population (2011 census):1670Size (square kilometres):1131Registered members:340

#### **Key Compliance Requirements**

Was an AGM held?

Were elections held?

N/A

Were benefits distributed according to the BDP?

Is game managed according to the GMUP?

Was the financial report presented and approved?

✓

#### **Conservancy Governance**

Number of management committee	Male	Female	Total
members	3	9	12
Attendance at AGM			
Date of the last AGM:	18/08/2021		
Date of the next AGM:	Aug-22		
Other important issues			
Budget approved?	<b>√</b>		
Work plan approved?	✓		
Annual conservancy report approved?	✓		

#### **Benefit Distribution**

Type Social Benefits	<b>Description</b> Diesel For Pumping Water	Beneficiary Households	Number 62

#### **Employment**

	Male	Female	Total	
Conservancy staff (Incl. CGG & CRM)	5	1	6	
Number of Community Game Guards	5		5	
Number of Community Resource Monitors				

#### Governance Performance Rating How well did the conservancy perform in the past year?

Performance Category			This Year	Prev. Year	Explanation of performance category					
Member engagement					The conservancy is adequately engaging its members					
Benefit plannir	ng				The conservancy developed its BDP in a transparent and participatory manner					
Benefit distribution					The conservancy distributes benefits to its members in a fair, transparent and equitable manner					
Accountability					Conservancy members are holding the management committee accountable					
Stakeholder engagement					The conservancy maintains relationships with key external stakeholders					
Financial mana	gement				The conservancy is effectively managing its finances					
Colour codes:	none	weak	modera	ite	strong	exceptional		N/A		